## **ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS**

FOR

## EPB (ELECTRIC PARKING BRAKE) REAR RETROFIT KIT FOR EXISTING DYNALITE/12.19" ROTOR DIAMETER PRO-STREET KITS\*

\*For additional vehicle compatibility, visit www.wilwood.com

**BASE PART NUMBER** 

140-18080

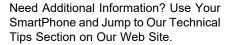
# DISC BRAKES SHOULD ONLY BE INSTALLED BY SOMEONE EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT IN THE INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF DISC BRAKES READ ALL WARNINGS

#### WARNING

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PERSON INSTALLING ANY BRAKE COMPONENT OR KIT TO DETERMINE THE SUITABILITY OF THE COMPONENT OR KIT FOR THAT PARTICULAR APPLICATION. IF YOU ARE NOT SURE HOW TO SAFELY USE THIS BRAKE COMPONENT OR KIT, YOU SHOULD NOT INSTALL OR USE IT. DO NOT ASSUME ANYTHING. IMPROPERLY INSTALLED OR MAINTAINED BRAKES ARE DANGEROUS. IF YOU ARE NOT SURE, GET HELP OR RETURN THE PRODUCT. YOU MAY OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT BY CALLING WILWOOD AT (805) 388-1188, OR VISIT OUR WEB SITE AT WWW.WILWOOD.COM. USE OF WILWOOD TECHNICAL SUPPORT DOES NOT GUARANTEE PROPER INSTALLATION. YOU, OR THE PERSON WHO DOES THE INSTALLATION MUST KNOW HOW TO PROPERLY USE THIS PRODUCT. IT IS NOT POSSIBLE OVER THE PHONE TO UNDERSTAND OR FORESEE ALL THE ISSUES THAT MIGHT ARISE IN YOUR INSTALLATION.

RACING EQUIPMENT AND BRAKES MUST BE MAINTAINED AND SHOULD BE CHECKED REGULARLY FOR FATIGUE, DAMAGE, AND WEAR.







# WARNING

# DO NOT OPERATE ANY VEHICLE ON UNTESTED BRAKES! SEE MINIMUM TEST PROCEDURE WITHIN

ALWAYS UTILIZE SAFETY RESTRAINT SYSTEMS AND ALL OTHER AVAILABLE SAFETY EQUIPMENT WHILE OPERATING THE VEHICLE

IMPORTANT • READ THE DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY INCLUDED IN THE KIT

NOTE: Some cleaners may stain or remove the finish on brake system components. Test the cleaner on a hidden portion of the component before general use.

#### Important Notice - Read This First

Before any tear-down or disassembly begins, review the following information:

- Review the Wheel Clearance Diagram (Figure 2, page 3) to verify that there is adequate clearance with the wheels you will be using with the installation.
- Calipers included in this retrofit kit require a large amount of space between the rotor and the car's frame/ suspension. Check your car and data sheet BEFORE attempting installation. Kit will not fit with 68-74 Chevelle, Buick Skylark, Oldsmobile Cutlass, or Pontiac Tempest due to frame clearance. For these vehicles we recommend the internal drum parking brake design.
- Due to OEM production differences and other variations from vehicle to vehicle, the fastener hardware and other components in this kit may not be suitable for a specific application or vehicle.
- It is the responsibility of the purchaser and installer of this kit to verify suitability / fitment of all components and ensure all fasteners and hardware achieve complete and proper engagement. Improper or inadequate engagement can lead to component failure.

#### Photographic Tip

**Important** and highly recommended: Take photos of brake system before disassembly and during the disassembly process. In the event, trouble-shooting photos can be life savers. Many vehicles have undocumented variations, photos will make it much simpler for Wilwood to assist you if you have a problem.

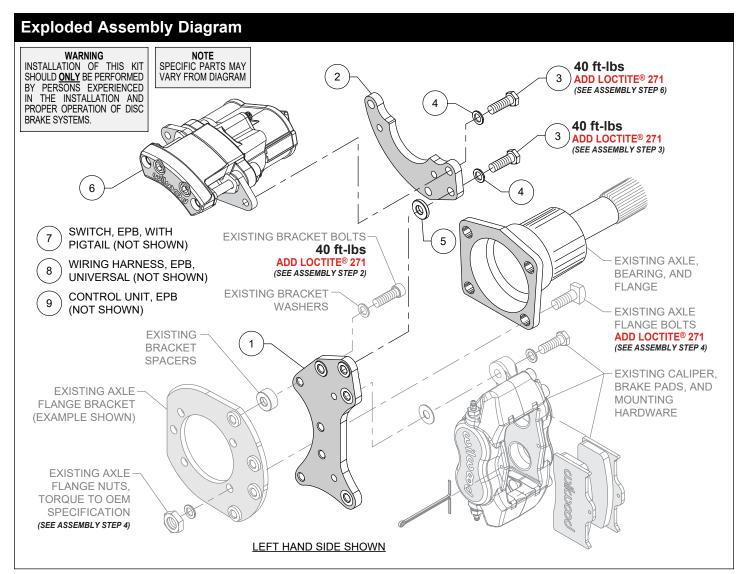


Figure 1. Typical Installation Configuration

#### **Parts List**

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	<u>QTY</u>
1	249-14220/21	Bracket, Caliper Mounting (one each, right and left)	2
2	250-14011	Bracket, Flat, EPB Caliper Mounting	2
3	230-10024	Bolt, 3/8-24 x 1.00" Long, Hex Head	8
4	240-10190	Washer, .391" I.D. x .625" O.D. x .063" Thick	8
5	300-11652	Spacer, .165" Long	4
6	120-15700/01-BK	Caliper, EPB Parking Brake, Black	2
6A	120-15700/01-RD	Caliper, EPB Parking Brake, Red	2
7	300-15936	Switch, EPB, with Pigtail (not shown)	1
8	610-15588	EPB Wiring Harness, Universal (not shown)	1
9	620-15487	EPB Control Unit (not shown)	1

#### NOTES:

Part Number 230-14226 Bracket Mounting Bolt Kit, includes part numbers 230-10024, 240-10190 and 300-11652 Items 6A is an optional item and included with the "-R" red caliper kits. Add "-R" to end of part number when ordering.

#### **General Information**

- •Installation of this kit should **ONLY** be performed by persons experienced in the installation and proper operation of disc brake systems. Before assembling this Wilwood disc brake kit, double check the following to ensure a trouble free installation.
  - •Inspect the contents of this kit against the parts list to ensure that all components and hardware are included.
  - •Make sure this is the correct kit to fit your current Wilwood rear Pro-Street kit with Dynalite caliper and 12.19" diameter rotor.
  - •Verify your wheel clearance using Figure 2.

#### **Disassembly Instructions**

•Disassemble the current rear brakes:

Raise the rear wheels off the ground and support the rear suspension according to the vehicle manufacturer's instructions.

Remove the rear wheels and disassemble the Wilwood brake kit assembly down to the bare axle. No need to disconnect the brake hoses from the caliper. Save all components and mounting hardware.

•Clean and de-grease the axle, axle housing flange and saved components.

#### **Assembly Instructions**

**NOTE:** Numbers in parenthesis refer to the parts list and Figure 1 on the preceding pages.

**CAUTION:** All mounting bolts must fully engage clinch nuts. Be sure to check that all bolts are either flush or protruding through flanged side of clinch nut after shimming, Figure 3.

**STEP 1** Separate the existing two-piece bracket by removing the four bolts. Make a note of the location of all spacers, washers, and shims (if any). Discard the old caliper mounting bracket.

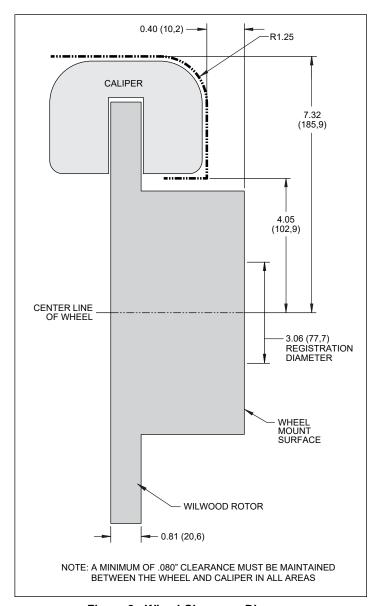


Figure 2. Wheel Clearance Diagram

#### **Assembly Instructions (Continued)**

**STEP 2** Orient the new caliper mount bracket (1) and the existing axle flange bracket as shown in Figure 1 and Photo 1, and assemble using saved bolts, washers, spacers, and shims (if any). **NOTE:** The spacing between the two brackets must be the same as it was for the old bracket assembly. Apply red Loctite® 271 to the bolt threads and torque to value shown in Figure 1.

**STEP 3** Attach the EPB flat caliper bracket (2) to the caliper mount bracket (1) using bolts (3), washers (4), and spacers (5) as shown in Figure 1 and Photo 1. Apply red *Loctite*<sup>®</sup> 271 to the bolt threads and torque to value shown in Figure 1.

**STEP 4** Orient the bracket assembly as shown in Figure 1, and re-mount it to the axle housing flange using the saved OEM bolts and nuts, Figure 1. Apply red *Loctite*<sup>®</sup> 271 to the bolt threads and torque to manufacturer 's specification.

**STEP 5** Reinstall the remainder of the removed components in the reverse order of disassembly. Please reference your original kit instructions for the proper procedure, alignments, and torque specifications. If the brake pads were removed during disassembly, be sure to use a new cotter pin after installation.

**STEP 6** Mount the electric parking brake caliper (6) onto the EPB caliper mounting flat bracket (2) using bolts (3) and washers (4), as shown in Figure 1 and Photo 2. Apply red *Loctite*® 271 to bolt threads, and torque to value shown in Figure 1.

**STEP 7** Temporarily install the wheel and torque the lug nuts to the manufacturer's specification. Ensure that the wheel rotates freely without any interference.

**STEP 8** Examine the brake hoses to be sure they don't interfere with the new components. Reroute and secure as needed. **NOTE:** It is the installer's responsibility to properly route and ensure adequate clearance and retention for brake hose components.

•CAUTION: In absence of specific instructions for brake line routing, the installer must use his best professional judgment on correct routing and retention of lines to ensure safe operation. It is the installer's responsibility to ensure that all fittings and hoses are the correct size and length, properly seal, and that they will not be subject to crimping, strain and abrasion from vibration or interference with suspension components, brake rotor or wheel.

**STEP 9** Bleed the brake system (if brake hoses were disconnected), referring to the 'Additional Information and Recommendations' on page 5 for proper bleeding instructions. Check system for leaks after bleeding.

**STEP 10** Proceed with the wiring portion of the EPB components (7, 8, 9) using instruction sheet DS-1353, included with this brake kit or download at <a href="https://www.wilwood.com/PDF/DataSheet/ds1353.pdf">www.wilwood.com/PDF/DataSheet/ds1353.pdf</a>.

**STEP 11** Once the EPB component installation is complete, install the wheel and torque the lug nuts to the manufacturer's specification.



Photo 1



Photo 2

•CAUTION: Test vehicle brake system per the 'Minimum Test Procedure' stated within this document before driving. After road testing, inspect for leaks and interference. Initially after install and testing, perform frequent checks of the vehicle brake system and lines before driving, to confirm that there is no undue wear or interference

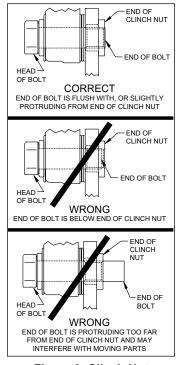


Figure 3. Clinch Nut Engagement Diagram

not apparent from the initial test. Afterwards, perform periodic inspections for function, leaks and wear in an interval relative to the usage of vehicle.

STEP 12 Bed-in the brake pads per the procedure on page 6.

**STEP 13** Carefully test the holding power of the parking brakes. Test parking brake in a safe area, first on a flat surface by pushing on the vehicle, then on a slight incline by applying and releasing handle multiple times. Refer to instructions on the last page.

#### **Additional Information and Recommendations**

- •To properly bleed the brake system, begin with the caliper farthest from the master cylinder. Bleed the outboard bleed screw first, then the inboard. Repeat the procedure until all calipers in the system are bled, ending with the caliper closest to the master cylinder. **NOTE:** When using a new master cylinder, it is important to bench bleed the master cylinder first.
- •Test the brake pedal. It should be firm, not spongy and stop at least 1 inch from the floor under heavy load.

If the brake pedal is spongy, bleed the system again.

If the brake pedal is initially firm, but then sinks to the floor, check the system for fluid leaks. Correct the leaks (if applicable) and then bleed the system again.

If the brake pedal goes to the floor and continued bleeding of the system does not correct the problem, a master cylinder with increased capacity (larger bore diameter) may be required. Wilwood offers various lightweight master cylinders with large fluid displacement capacities.

- •NOTE: With the installation of after market disc brakes, the wheel track may change depending on the application. Check your wheel offset before final assembly.
- •If after following the instructions, you still have difficulty in assembling or bleeding your Wilwood disc brakes, consult your local chassis builder, or retailer where the kit was purchased for further assistance. Additional information is also available on our web site at <a href="https://www.wilwood.com">www.wilwood.com</a>, or e-mail: <a href="mailto:info@wilwood.com">info@wilwood.com</a>.

#### **Brake Testing**

# WARNING • DO NOT DRIVE ON UNTESTED BRAKES BRAKES MUST BE TESTED AFTER INSTALLATION OR MAINTENANCE MINIMUM TEST PROCEDURE

- Make sure pedal is firm: Hold firm pressure on pedal for several minutes, it should remain in position without sinking. If pedal sinks toward floor, check system for fluid leaks. DO NOT drive vehicle if pedal does not stay firm or can be pushed to the floor with normal pressure.
- At very low speed (2-5 mph) apply brakes hard several times while turning steering from full left to full right, repeat several times. Remove the wheels and check that components are not touching, rubbing, or leaking.
- Carefully examine all brake components, brake lines, and fittings for leaks and interference.
- Make sure there is no interference with wheels or suspension components.
- Drive vehicle at low speed (15-20 mph) making moderate and hard stops. Brakes should feel normal and positive. Again check for leaks and interference.
- Always test vehicle in a safe place where there is no danger to (or from) other people or vehicles.
- Always wear seat belts and make use of all safety equipment.

#### Pad and Rotor Bedding

#### BEDDING STEPS FOR NEW PADS AND ROTORS - ALL COMPOUNDS

Once the brake system has been tested and determined safe to operate the vehicle, follow these steps for the bedding of all new pad materials and rotors. These procedures should only be performed on a race track, or other safe location where you can safely and legally obtain speeds up to 65 MPH, while also being able to rapidly decelerate.

- •Begin with a series of light decelerations to gradually build some heat in the brakes. Use an on-and-off the pedal technique by applying the brakes for 3-5 seconds, and then allow them to fully release for a period roughly twice as long as the deceleration cycle. If you use a 5 count during the deceleration interval, use a 10 count during the release to allow the heat to sink into the pads and rotors.
- •After several cycles of light stops to begin warming the brakes, proceed with a series of medium to firm deceleration stops to continue raising the temperature level in the brakes.
- •Finish the bedding cycle with a series of 8-10 hard decelerations from 55-65 MPH down to 25 MPH while allowing a proportionate release and heat-sinking interval between each stop. The pads should now be providing positive and consistent response.
- •If any amount of brake fade is observed during the bed-in cycle, immediately begin the cool down cycle.
- •Drive at a moderate cruising speed, with the least amount of brake contact possible, until most of the heat has dissipated from the brakes. Avoid sitting stopped with the brake pedal depressed to hold the car in place during this time. Park the vehicle and allow the brakes to cool to ambient air temperature.

#### **COMPETITION VEHICLES**

- •If your race car is equipped with brake cooling ducts, blocking them will allow the pads and rotors to warm up quicker and speed up the bedding process.
- •Temperature indicating paint on the rotor and pad edges can provide valuable data regarding observed temperatures during the bedding process and subsequent on-track sessions. This information can be highly beneficial when evaluating pad compounds and cooling efficiencies.

#### POST-BEDDING INSPECTION - ALL VEHICLES

•After the bedding cycle, the rotors should exhibit a uniformly burnished finish across the entire contact face. Any surface irregularities that appear as smearing or splotching on the rotor faces can be an indication that the brakes were brought up to temperature too quickly during the bedding cycle. If the smear doesn't blend away after the next run-in cycle, or if chatter under braking results, sanding or resurfacing the rotors will be required to restore a uniform surface for pad contact.

#### PRE-RACE WARM UP

•Always make every effort to get heat into the brakes prior to each event. Use an on-and-off the pedal practice to warm the brakes during the trip to the staging zone, during parade laps before the flag drops, and every other opportunity in an effort to build heat in the pads and rotors. This will help to ensure best consistency, performance, and durability from your brakes.

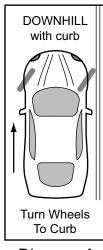
#### DYNO BEDDED COMPETITION PADS AND ROTORS

•Getting track time for a proper pad and rotor bedding session can be difficult. Wilwood offers factory dyno-bedded pads and rotors on many of our popular competition pads and **Spec 37** GT series rotors. Dyno-bedded parts are ready to race on their first warm up cycle. This can save valuable time and effort when on-track time is either too valuable or not available at all, Dyno-bedding assures that your pads and rotors have been properly run-in and are ready to go. Contact your dealer or the factory for more information on Wilwood Dyno-Bedding services.

**NOTE:** NEVER allow the contact surfaces of the pads or rotors to be contaminated with brake fluid. Always use a catch bottle with a hose to prevent fluid spill during all brake bleeding procedures.

#### **WARNING • ELECTRIC PARKING BRAKE**

- The holding ability of the brake should be tested by stopping on a sloping surface and applying the parking brake while holding car with the hydraulic foot brake. This should be accomplished both facing up and down hill.
- Do not rely exclusively on the parking brake to hold the car; Curb wheels as recommended by the applicable diagram and put gear selector in park, or shift into first gear or reverse with a manual transmission.
- · Diagram A When parking facing downhill, turn front wheels towards the curb or right shoulder. This will keep from rolling into traffic if the brakes become disengaged.
- Diagram B Turn the steering wheel to the left so the wheels are turned towards the road if you are facing uphill with a curb. The tires will catch the curb if the car rolls backward.
- Diagram C When facing uphill without a curb, turn the wheels sharply to the right. If the vehicle rolls, it will go off the road rather than into traffic.
- When parking on a hill, always set the parking brake and move the gear selector into park, or shift into first or reverse gear if your vehicle has a manual transmission.





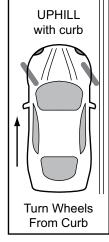


Diagram B

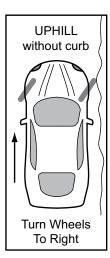


Diagram C

#### **Connect with Wilwood**

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### **Associated Components**

PART NO.	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>		
260-13706	Wilwood Residual Pressure Valve (2 lb for disc brakes)		
260-13707	Wilwood Residual Pressure Valve (10 lb for drum brakes)		
<u>260-8419</u>	Wilwood Proportioning Valve, Knob Style		
<u>260-8420</u>	Wilwood Proportioning Valve, Lever Style		
<u>260-11179</u>	Wilwood Combination Proportioning Valve with Brake Light Switch		
<u>290-0632</u>	Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (Hi-Temp° 570) (12 oz)		
<u>290-6209</u>	Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (EXP 600 Plus) (16.9 oz)		
<u>150-9413K</u>	BP-20 Street Performance / Racing Brake Pads • Baseline Pad for Track Oriented Street Cars		
<u>150-12243K</u>	BP-40 High Temperature Racing Brake Pads • Race Only Pad for Severe Duty Oval, Road Course, or Off-Road		
<u>340-13831</u>	Wilwood Floor Mount Brake Pedal (with balance bar)		
<u>340-13832</u>	Wilwood Swing Mount Brake Pedal (with balance bar)		
<u>260-8555</u>	Wilwood 1 inch Aluminum Tandem Chamber Master Cylinder		
<u>260-8556</u>	Wilwood 1-1/8 inch Aluminum Tandem Chamber Master Cylinder		
<u>220-7056</u>	Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 14 Inch, Domestic, 3/8-24 IF		
<u>220-7699</u>	Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 16 Inch, Domestic, 3/8-24 IF		
<u>220-8307</u>	Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 18 Inch, Domestic, 3/8-24 IF		
<u>220-8338</u>	Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 14 Inch, Metric 10mm x 1.0		
<u>220-6856</u>	Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 18 Inch, Metric 10mm x 1.0		