ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

CHEVY C-10 (6 LUG, 1.62" OFFSET)*, CLASSIC PERFORMANCE PRODUCTS DROP SPINDLE P/N CP30106-2 (1963-70), CP30106-3 (1971-72), CP30106-4 (1973-87)*

*For additional vehicle compatibility, visit www.wilwood.com

AEROLITE 6R FRONT BRAKE KIT, WITH 14.00" DIAMETER VENTED ROTOR

BASE PART NUMBER

140-16459

DISC BRAKES SHOULD ONLY BE INSTALLED BY SOMEONE EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT IN THE INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF DISC BRAKES READ ALL WARNINGS

WARNING

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PERSON INSTALLING ANY BRAKE COMPONENT OR KIT TO DETERMINE THE SUITABILITY OF THE COMPONENT OR KIT FOR THAT PARTICULAR APPLICATION. IF YOU ARE NOT SURE HOW TO SAFELY USE THIS BRAKE COMPONENT OR KIT, YOU SHOULD NOT INSTALL OR USE IT. DO NOT ASSUME ANYTHING. IMPROPERLY INSTALLED OR MAINTAINED BRAKES ARE DANGEROUS. IF YOU ARE NOT SURE, GET HELP OR RETURN THE PRODUCT. YOU MAY OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT BY CALLING WILWOOD AT (805) 388-1188, OR VISIT OUR WEB SITE AT WWW.WILWOOD.COM. USE OF WILWOOD TECHNICAL SUPPORT DOES NOT GUARANTEE PROPER INSTALLATION. YOU, OR THE PERSON WHO DOES THE INSTALLATION MUST KNOW HOW TO PROPERLY USE THIS PRODUCT. IT IS NOT POSSIBLE OVER THE PHONE TO UNDERSTAND OR FORESEE ALL THE ISSUES THAT MIGHT ARISE IN YOUR INSTALLATION.

RACING EQUIPMENT AND BRAKES MUST BE MAINTAINED AND SHOULD BE CHECKED REGULARLY FOR FATIGUE, DAMAGE, AND WEAR.





Need Additional Information? Use Your SmartPhone and Jump to Our Technical Tips Section on Our Web Site.

WARNING

DO NOT OPERATE ANY VEHICLE ON UNTESTED BRAKES! SEE MINIMUM TEST PROCEDURE WITHIN

ALWAYS UTILIZE SAFETY RESTRAINT SYSTEMS AND ALL OTHER AVAILABLE SAFETY EQUIPMENT WHILE OPERATING THE VEHICLE

IMPORTANT • READ THE DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY INCLUDED IN THE KIT

NOTE: Some cleaners may stain or remove the finish on brake system components. Test the cleaner on a hidden portion of the component before general use.

Important Notice - Read This First

Before any tear-down or disassembly begins, review the following information:

- Review the wheel clearance diagram (figure 2, page 3) to verify that there is adequate clearance with the wheels you will be using with the installation.
- This brake kit does not include flex lines. OEM brake lines will not adapt to Wilwood calipers. Check the assembly instructions, or associated components section for brake line recommendations before assembly. In addition, Wilwood offers an extensive listing of brake lines and fittings on our web site: www.wilwood.com.
- Due to OEM production differences and other variations from vehicle to vehicle, the fastener hardware and other components in this kit may not be suitable for a specific application or vehicle.
- It is the responsibility of the purchaser and installer of this kit to verify suitability / fitment of all components and ensure all fasteners and hardware achieve complete and proper engagement. Improper or inadequate engagement can lead to component failure.

Photographic Tip

Important and highly recommended: Take photos of brake system before disassembly and during the disassembly process. In the event, trouble-shooting photos can be life savers. Many vehicles have undocumented variations, photos will make it much simpler for Wilwood to assist you if you have a problem.

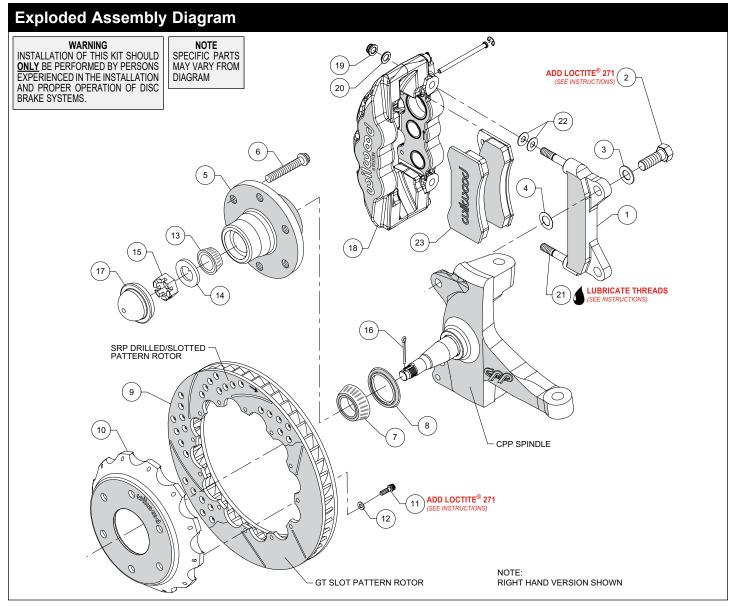


Figure 1. Typical Installation Configuration

Parts List

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	<u>QTY</u>
1	250-13695	Bracket, Caliper Mounting	2
2	230-13681	Bolt, 5/8-18 x 1.75" Long, Hex Head	4
3	240-11856	Washer, .640" I.D. x 1.188" O.D. x .063" Thick	4
4	240-9074	Shim, .024" Thick	8
5	270-15790	Hub, 6 on 5.50"	2
6	230-6959	Studs, Wheel	12
7	370-2609	Cone, Inner Bearing	2
8	380-10792	Seal, Grease	2
9	160-8398/99-GTB	Rotor, GT 1.25" Thk x 14.00" Dia, 12 x 8.75" Bolt Circle, (one each, right and left)	2
9A	160-8396/97-BK	Rotor, SRP Drilled and Slotted (one each, right and left)	2
10	170-16442	Hat, 6 x 5.50", 1.62" offset, 12 x 8.75" Bolt Circle	2
11	230-8037	Bolt, 1/4-20 x .750" Long, 12 Point	24
12	230-11240	Washer, .265" I.D. x .500" O.D. x .063" Thick	24
13	370-9542	Cone, Outer Bearing	2
14	240-15900	Washer, Spindle, 3/4"	2
15	230-15901	Nut, Spindle, 3/4-16	2
16	180-15902	Cotter Pin, Spindle	2
17	270-15891	Cap, Dust	2
18	120-13293/94-BK	Caliper, Aerolite 6R, Black (one each, right and left)	2
18A	120-13293/94-RD	Caliper, Aerolite 6R, Red (one each, right and left)	2
19	230-9182	Nut, 7/16-20, Self-Locking, 12 Point	4
20	240-11101	Washer, .453" I.D. x .750" O.D. x.063" Thick	4
21	230-9080	Stud, 7/16-14 x 7/16-20 x 3.375" Long (pre installed in bracket)	4
22	240-1848	Shim, .030" Thick	12
23	150-20-6617K	Pad, BP-20 Compound, Axle Set	1
23A	150-9488K	Pad, BP-10 Compound, Axle Set	1

NOTES:

P/N 230-8008 Rotor Bolt Kit, includes part numbers 230-8037 and 240-11240

P/N 230-13693 Bolt Kit, Spindle mount, includes part numbers 230-13681, 240-9074, and 240-11856

P/N 230-15997 Bolt Kit, Wheel Studs, includes part number 230-6959

P/N 250-13694 Caliper Bracket Kit, includes part numbers 230-9080, 230-9182, 240-1848, 240-11101, and 250-13695

P/N 370-10763 Lock Nut Kit, includes part numbers 180-15902, 230-15901, 240-15900, and 270-15891

Item 9A is an optional item and included with the "-D" drilled rotor kits. Add"-D" to end of part number when ordering.

Item 18A is an optional item and included with the "-R" red caliper kits. Add"-R" to end of part number when ordering.

Item 23A is included in the (D) drilled rotor and (ĎR) drilled rotor with red caliper kits only.

General Information

Installation of this kit should **ONLY** be performed by persons experienced in the installation and proper operation of disc brake systems. Before assembling the Wilwood disc brake kit, double check the following items to ensure a trouble-free installation.

- •This kit is designed specifically to fit Chevy C-10 Classic Performance Product (CPP) Drop Spindle (CP30106-2) 1963-1970, (CP30106-3) 1971-1972, and (CP30106-4) 1973-1987. Spindles are available to purchase from CPP.
- •Inspect the package contents against the parts list to ensure that all components and hardware are included.
- •Verify the new hub stud pattern in this kit matches the lug pattern of the vehicles wheels.
- •Verify your wheel clearance using Figure 2.

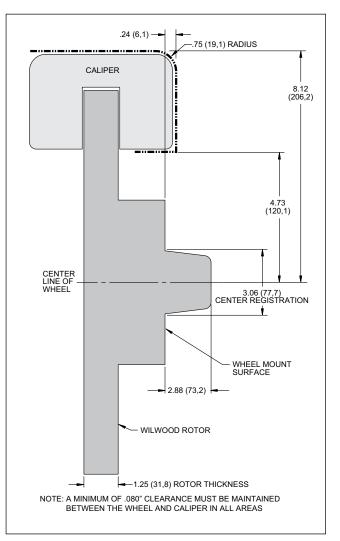


Figure 2. Wheel Clearance Diagram

Disassembly Instructions

•Disassemble the original equipment front brakes:

Raise the front wheels off the ground and support the front suspension according to vehicle manufacturer's instructions.

Remove the front wheels and completely disassemble the existing brake system down to the bare spindles.

- •Remove any nicks or burrs on the spindle mount faces that may interfere with the installation of the new brake components.
- •Clean and de-grease the spindles.

Assembly Instructions

NOTE: Numbers in parenthesis refer to the parts list and Figure 1 on the preceding pages.

- •The caliper mount bracket (1) should initially be installed with clean, dry threads on the mounting bolts. Orient the bracket, as shown in Figure 1, and Photo 1, and install using bolt (2) and washer (3). Initially place one .024" thick shim (4) on each bolt between the bracket and upright, Figure 1. Temporarily tighten the mounting bolts. *NOTE:* The bracket must fit squarely against the mount bosses on the upright. Inspect for interference from casting irregularities, machining ridges, burrs, etc. Later, after the caliper alignment has been checked, the mount bolts will be secured using red Loctite® 271.
- •Install wheel studs (6) into the hub (5), Photo 2. Torque to 77 ft-lb.
- •Pack the large inner bearing cone (7) with high temperature disc brake bearing grease (available from your local auto parts store) and install into the backside of the hub (5), Photo 3.
- •Install the grease seal (8) by pressing into the backside of the hub (5), flush with the end of the hub, Photo 4.
- •Orient the rotor (9) and the hat (10) as shown in Figure 1 and Photo 5. Attach rotor to hat using bolts (11) and washers (12). Apply red *Loctite*® 271 to the bolt threads and torque to 155 **in-lb** using a criss-cross pattern. For an added measure of security, the bolts may be safety wired using standard 0.032 inch diameter stainless steel safety wire as shown in Figure 3. Refer to Wilwood's data sheet DS-386 (available at www.wilwood.com/Pdf/DataSheets/ds386.pdf) for complete safety wire installation instructions.
- •Pack the small outer bearing cone (13) with high temperature disc brake bearing grease and install into hub (5). Slide the hub assembly onto the spindle. Secure using spindle washer (14) and spindle nut (15), Photo 6. Adjust bearings per OEM specifications. Install a new cotter pin (16).
- •Press the dust cap (17) into the hub (5). **NOTE:** Do not hammer center of cap. Install using outer flange only.



Photo 1





Photo 2

Photo 3



Photo 4

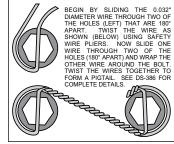


Figure 3. Safety Wire Diagram



Photo 5

Assembly Instructions (Continued)

- •Slide the hat/rotor assembly (10/9) onto the hub (5), Photo 7. **NOTE:** The hat must fit flush against the hub face or excessive rotor run out may result. Install three lug nuts (finger tight) to keep the hat/rotor assembly in place while continuing with the installation.
- •NOTE: This kit contains distinct right and left hand calipers that must be mounted in a specific direction, as described below. Lubricate the caliper mounting studs (21) with lightweight oil. Initially place two .030" thick shims (22) on each stud as shown in Figure 1 and Photo 8. Mount the caliper (18) onto the bracket (1) using lock nuts (19) and washers (20), Figure 1. Ensure that the caliper is mounted so that the largest pistons are at the rotor exit end of the caliper, in relation to the direction of rotor rotation. Temporarily tighten the lock nuts and view the rotor through the top opening of the caliper. The rotor should be centered in the caliper, Photo 9. If not, adjust by adding or subtracting shims (4) between the bracket and the upright. Always use the same amount of shims on each of the two mounting bolts. Once the caliper alignment is correct, remove the bracket mounting bolts (2) one at a time, apply red Loctite® 271 to the threads, and torque to 140 ft-lbs.
- •Remove the two pad retaining pins from the caliper (18) by carefully popping out the pin retaining clips and sliding out the pins. Insert the brake pads (23) into the caliper from the bottom, Figure 1 and Photo 10. With the friction material facing the rotor, secure the brake pads in place with the pad retaining pins and clips, Photo 11. Reinstall the caliper onto the caliper mounting bracket and temporarily tighten the lock nuts. Check that the top of the brake pad is flush with the outside diameter of the rotor, Photo 12. If not, adjust by adding or subtracting shims (22) between the caliper and the bracket. After the caliper pad height is set, torque the caliper lock nuts (19) to 47 ft-lb.
- •Temporarily install the wheel and torque the lug nuts to the manufacturer's specification. Ensure that the wheel rotates freely without any interference. Remove wheel for next step.
- •NOTE: The caliper in this brake kit utilizes a 1/8-27 NPT pipe thread inlet. OEM rubber brake hoses generally cannot be adapted to Wilwood calipers. The preferred method is to use steel adapter fittings at the caliper, either straight, 45 or 90 degree (use PTFE tape on pipe threads for proper sealing to caliper) and enough steel braided line to allow for full suspension travel and turning radius, lock-to-lock. Carefully route hoses to prevent contact with moving suspension, brake or wheel components. NOTE: Wilwood hose kits are designed for use in many different vehicle applications and it is the installer's responsibility to properly route and ensure adequate clearance and retention for brake hose components. Wilwood offers universal brake flex line hose kits for domestic (3/8-24 IF) chassis fittings:

P/N 220-7056 for the 14 inch length domestic 3/8-24 IF P/N 220-7699 for the 16 inch length domestic 3/8-24 IF P/N 220-8307 for the 18 inch length domestic 3/8-24 IF P/N 220-11238 for the 20 inch length domestic 3/8-24 IF P/N 220-11237 for the 22 inch length domestic 3/8-24 IF Hose kits include hose, fittings, etc., all in one package for this application.





Photo 6

Photo 7





Photo 8

Photo 9



Photo 10





Photo 11

Photo 12

Assembly Instructions (Continued)

- •NOTE: Specified brake hose kits may not work with all Years, Makes and Models of vehicle that this brake kit is applicable to, due to possible OEM manufacturing changes during a production vehicle's life. It is the installer's responsibility to ensure that all fittings and hoses are the correct size and length, to ensure proper sealing and that they will not be subject to crimping, strain and abrasion from vibration or interference with suspension components, brake rotor or wheel.
- •In absence of specific instructions for brake line routing, the installer must use his best professional judgment on correct routing and retention of lines to ensure safe operation. Test vehicle brake system per the 'Minimum Test Procedure' stated within this document before driving. After road testing, inspect for leaks and interference. Initially after install and testing, perform frequent checks of the vehicle brake system and lines before driving, to confirm that there is no undue wear or interference not apparent from the initial test. Afterwards, perform periodic inspections for function, leaks and wear in a interval relative to the usage of vehicle.
- •Bleed the brake system, referring to the 'Additional Information and Recommendations' below for proper bleeding instructions. Check system for leaks after bleeding.
- •Install the wheel and torque the lug nuts to manufacturer's specifications.
- •Bed-in the brake pads per the procedure on page 7.

Additional Information and Recommendations

- •NOTE: With the installation of after market disc brakes, the wheel track may change depending on the application. Check your wheel offset before final assembly.
- •Please read the following concerning balancing the brake bias on 4 wheel disc vehicles.
 - This brake kit can be operated using the stock OEM master cylinder and proportioning system. However, as with most suspension and tire modifications (from OEM specifications), changing the brakes may alter the front to rear brake bias. Rear brakes should not lock up before the front. Brake system evaluation and tests should be performed by persons experienced in the installation and proper operation of brake systems. Evaluation and tests should be performed under controlled conditions. Start by making several stops from low speeds then gradually work up to higher speeds. Always utilize safety restraint systems while operating vehicle.
 - Use a Wilwood adjustable proportioning valve if necessary to achieve proper brake balance, or use a Wilwood brake pedal/balance bar assembly with dual master cylinders (requires custom mounting as used in fabricated chassis race cars). A balance bar brake system permits incremental front to rear brake pressure adjustments.
- •For optimum performance, fill and bleed the new system with Wilwood Hi-Temp° 570 grade fluid or EXP 600 Plus. For severe braking or sustained high heat operation, use Wilwood EXP 600 Plus Racing Brake Fluid. Used fluid must be completely flushed from the system to prevent contamination. **NOTE:** Silicone DOT 5 brake fluid is **NOT** recommended for racing or performance driving.
- •To properly bleed the brake system, begin with the caliper farthest from the master cylinder. Bleed the outboard bleed screw first, then the inboard. Repeat the procedure until all calipers in the system are bled, ending with the caliper closest to the master cylinder. If the caliper is fitted with bleed screws on four corners, make sure the bottom bleed screws are tight. Only bleed from the top bleed screws. **NOTE:**When using a new master cylinder, it is important to bench bleed the master cylinder first.
- •If the master cylinder is mounted lower than the disc brake calipers, some fluid flowback to the master cylinder reservoir may occur, creating a vacuum effect that retracts the caliper pistons into the housing. This will cause the pedal to go to the floor on the first stroke until it has "pumped up" and moved all the pistons out against the pad again. A Wilwood in-line 2 lb. Residual Pressure Valve installed near the master cylinder will stop the fluid flowback and keep the pedal firm and responsive.
- •Test the brake pedal. It should be firm, not spongy, and stop at least 1 inch from the floor under heavy load.
 - If the brake pedal is spongy, bleed the system again.
 - If the brake pedal is initially firm, but then sinks to the floor, check the system for leaks. Correct the leaks (if applicable) and then bleed the system again.
 - If the brake pedal goes to the floor and continued bleeding of the system does not correct the problem, either air may be trapped in the system, or a master cylinder with increased capacity (larger bore diameter) may be required. Wilwood offers various lightweight master cylinders with large fluid displacement capacities (custom fabricated mounting may be required).

WARNING • DO NOT DRIVE ON UNTESTED BRAKES BRAKES MUST BE TESTED AFTER INSTALLATION OR MAINTENANCE MINIMUM TEST PROCEDURE

- Make sure pedal is firm: Hold firm pressure on pedal for several minutes, it should remain in position without sinking. If pedal sinks toward floor, check system for fluid leaks. DO NOT drive vehicle if pedal does not stay firm or can be pushed to the floor with normal pressure.
- At very low speed (2-5 mph) apply brakes hard several times while turning steering from full left to full right, repeat several times. Remove the wheels and check that components are not touching, rubbing, or leaking.
- · Carefully examine all brake components, brake lines, and fittings for leaks and interference.
- Make sure there is no interference with wheels or suspension components.
- Drive vehicle at low speed (15-20 mph) making moderate and hard stops. Brakes should feel normal and positive. Again check for leaks and interference.
- Always test vehicle in a safe place where there is no danger to (or from) other people or vehicles.
- Always wear seat belts and make use of all safety equipment.

Pad and Rotor Bedding

BEDDING STEPS FOR NEW PADS AND ROTORS - ALL COMPOUNDS

Once the brake system has been tested and determined safe to operate the vehicle, follow these steps for the bedding of all new pad materials and rotors. These procedures should only be performed on a race track, or other safe location where you can safely and legally obtain speeds up to 65 MPH, while also being able to rapidly decelerate.

- •Begin with a series of light decelerations to gradually build some heat in the brakes. Use an on-and-off the pedal technique by applying the brakes for 3-5 seconds, and then allow them to fully release for a period roughly twice as long as the deceleration cycle. If you use a 5 count during the deceleration interval, use a 10 count during the release to allow the heat to sink into the pads and rotors.
- •After several cycles of light stops to begin warming the brakes, proceed with a series of medium to firm deceleration stops to continue raising the temperature level in the brakes.
- •Finish the bedding cycle with a series of 8-10 hard decelerations from 55-65 MPH down to 25 MPH while allowing a proportionate release and heat-sinking interval between each stop. The pads should now be providing positive and consistent response.
- •If any amount of brake fade is observed during the bed-in cycle, immediately begin the cool down cycle.
- •Drive at a moderate cruising speed, with the least amount of brake contact possible, until most of the heat has dissipated from the brakes. Avoid sitting stopped with the brake pedal depressed to hold the car in place during this time. Park the vehicle and allow the brakes to cool to ambient air temperature.

COMPETITION VEHICLES

- •If your race car is equipped with brake cooling ducts, blocking them will allow the pads and rotors to warm up quicker and speed up the bedding process.
- •Temperature indicating paint on the rotor and pad edges can provide valuable data regarding observed temperatures during the bedding process and subsequent on-track sessions. This information can be highly beneficial when evaluating pad compounds and cooling efficiencies.

POST-BEDDING INSPECTION – ALL VEHICLES

•After the bedding cycle, the rotors should exhibit a uniformly burnished finish across the entire contact face. Any surface irregularities that appear as smearing or splotching on the rotor faces can be an indication that the brakes were brought up to temperature too quickly during the bedding cycle. If the smear doesn't blend away after the next run-in cycle, or if chatter under braking results, sanding or resurfacing the rotors will be required to restore a uniform surface for pad contact.

Pad and Rotor Bedding (Continued)

PRE-RACE WARM UP

•Always make every effort to get heat into the brakes prior to each event. Use an on-and-off the pedal practice to warm the brakes during the trip to the staging zone, during parade laps before the flag drops, and every other opportunity in an effort to build heat in the pads and rotors. This will help to ensure best consistency, performance, and durability from your brakes.

DYNO BEDDED COMPETITION PADS AND ROTORS

•Getting track time for a proper pad and rotor bedding session can be difficult. Wilwood offers factory dyno-bedded pads and rotors on many of our popular competition pads and **Spec 37** GT series rotors. Dyno-bedded parts are ready to race on their first warm up cycle. This can save valuable time and effort when on-track time is either too valuable or not available at all, Dyno-bedding assures that your pads and rotors have been properly run-in and are ready to go. Contact your dealer or the factory for more information on Wilwood Dyno-Bedding services.

NOTE: NEVER allow the contact surfaces of the pads or rotors to be contaminated with brake fluid. Always use a catch bottle with a hose to prevent fluid spill during all brake bleeding procedures.

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Associated Components

PART NO.	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>		
260-13706	Wilwood Residual Pressure Valve (2 lb for disc brakes)		
<u>260-13707</u>	Wilwood Residual Pressure Valve (10 lb for drum brakes)		
<u>260-8419</u>	Wilwood Proportioning Valve, Knob Style		
<u>260-8420</u>	Wilwood Proportioning Valve, Lever Style		
<u>260-11179</u>	Wilwood Combination Proportioning Valve with Brake Light Switch		
<u>290-0632</u>	Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (Hi-Temp° 570) (12 oz)		
<u>290-6209</u>	Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (EXP 600 Plus) (16.9 oz)		
<u>150-9488K</u>	BP-10 Street Performance / Racing Brake Pads • Baseline Pad for Track Oriented Street Cars		
150-12251K	BP-40 High Temperature Racing Brake Pads • Race Only Pad for Severe Duty Oval, Road Course, or Off Road		
<u>220-7056</u>	Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 14-inch, domestic, 3/8-24 IF		
<u>220-7699</u>	Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 16-inch, domestic, 3/8-24 IF		
<u>220-8307</u>	Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 18-inch, domestic, 3/8-24 IF		
<u>220-11238</u>	Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 20-inch, domestic, 3/8-24 IF		
<u>220-11237</u>	Stainless Steel Braided Flexline Kit, Universal, 22-inch, domestic, 3/8-24 IF		